effecting any major changes in the labour laws.

Annual statement of GPF Accounts

2409. SHRI KHAN GHUFRAN ZAHIDI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is mandatory under the GPF Act and the rules made thereunder to supply annual statements of GPF to all its contributors?

(b) whether it is a fact that teachers in MCD schools are not provided annual statements of GPF accounts for the last several years and the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government propose to issue fresh directive to all organisations and institutions covered under this Act to supply regularly annual statement of GPF to all its contributors; and

(d) by when the teachers of MCD schools are likely to get updated statement of GPF Accounts?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) to (d) There is no Act by the name of "GPF Act". There are rules called the GPF (CS) Rules, 1960 which require issue of annual statement of accounts to all contributors to the GPF. The teachers of MCD schools have been provided GPF account statements upto 1995-96. The statements for 1996-97 are already being issued. In order to issue upto date statements to the contributors, the MCD has planned records/data computerisation in this regard.

Workers of unorganised and small scale industries in the country

2410. SHRI PARAG CHALIHA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the number of workers/employees in unrecognised/unorganised sector and small scale industries and various offices in the country, State/Union Territory-wise;

(b) the number of those who have received formal appointment letters from the employers;

(c) whether Government are aware that most of the employees are deprived of formal appointment letters and are victims of various injustices; and

(d) if so, the steps taken/contemplated by Government to monitor the system?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) As per the survey carried out by the National Sample Survey Organisation in the year 1993-94, total employment considering both organised & unorganised sector in the country was of the order of 335 million. Out of the 335 million, around 27.4 million was in the organised sector (all public sector establishments and non-agricultural establishments in the private sector employing 10 or more workers) and the balance of about 308 million was in unorganised sector. These figures include around 14 million workers in the small scale industries. The State-wise work participation rate (percentage of population employed) as observed during 1993-94 survey is given in the statement (*See* below).

(b) the data on this aspect is not maintained.

(c) and (d) There are various provisions in the existing laws to amaliorate the working conditions of the workers.

Statement

State-wise work participation rate (percentage of population employed) as per usual principal status

Sl. No.	State/UT	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	54.1	35.5
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	45.2	32.4
3.	Assam	30.8	31.0
4.	Bihar	32.6	26.1
5.	Goa	36.5	34.0
6.	Gujarat	41.5	32.3